

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product No. 813-520, 813-522 PELCO[®] Acrylimet Powder Issue Date (10-21-15) Review Date (08-07-2023) Rev.: 2

Section 1: Product and Company Identification Product Name: PELCO[®] Acrylimet Powder

Synonym: None

Company Name

Ted Pella, Inc., P.O. Box 492477, Redding, CA 96049-2477

Inside USA and Canada 1-800-237-3526 (Mon-Thu. 6:00AM to 4:30PM PST; Fri 6:00AM to 4:00PM PST) Outside USA and Canada 1-530-243-2200 (Mon-Thu. 6:00AM to 4:30PM PST; Fri 6:00AM to 4:00PM PST) CHEMTREC USA and Canada Emergency Contact Number 1-800-424-9300 24 hours a day CHEMTREC Outside USA and Canada Emergency Contact Number +1-703-741-5970 24 hours a day

Section 2: Hazard Identification Classification of the substance or mixture.

Signal Word: WARNING

GHS Categories GHS07 – Irritant

| Eye damage/irritation: | Category 2B |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Skin sensitization: | Category 1 |

Label elements GHS Pictograms:



OSHA Defined Hazards:

For bulk size, Combustible dust, may form combustible dust concentrations in air, explosion hazard.

Hazard Statements

H317 H320 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements

| Prevention: | |
|-------------|---|
| P240 | Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. |
| P261 | Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. |
| P264 | Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. |
| P272 | Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and face protection. |

Response:

| P302 + P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. |
|--------------------|---|
| P305 + P351 + P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. |
| | Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |

| P333 + P313 | If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
|-------------|---|
| P337 + P313 | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P363 | Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Disposal: | |
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |

Classification complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS)

Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients

| Hazardous Component(s) | CAS No. | <u>w/w%</u> |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Poly(ethyl methacrylate) (PEMA) | 9003-42-3 | < 99% |
| Benzoyl peroxide | 94-36-0 | <2% |

• Specific chemical weight has been withheld as a trade secret.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

| General advice: | If exposed or concerned, get medical advice or attention. |
|--------------------|---|
| Inhalation: | Remove to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if discomfort persists. |
| Skin Contact: | Wash with soap and water. If irritation persists, call a physician. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. |
| Eye(s) Contact: | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, including under eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. |
| Ingestion: | Do not induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water or milk immediately. If vomiting, continue to offer water or milk. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control center immediately and provide an estimate of when and how much material was ingested. Seek medical attention. |
| Symptoms: | Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |
| Note to physician: | Treat symptomatically. |

| Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures | |
|--|---|
| Suitable Extinguishing Media: | Chemical (alcohol-resistant) foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO ₂). |
| Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: | Water spray or water stream may not be effective. |
| Specific hazards arising from product: | |
| | For bulk size: Polymers are combustible dusts, care should be taken to |
| | avoid creating explosive concentrations in the air. |
| | Follow grounding and bonding procedures. |

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Avoid extinguishing methods which may generate dust clouds. Water stream can disperse dust into air producing a fire hazard and possible explosion hazard if exposed to ignition source. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters:

Polymer dust is combustible. The explosive limits of the polymer particles suspended in air are approximately those of coal dust. Polymers are sensitive to static discharge, follow grounding and bounding procedures. Polymers are not sensitive to mechanical impacts.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

| Personal precautions, protectiv | e equipment and emergency procedures |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Personal precautions: | Use personal protective equipment as required. Deny entry to all unprotected individuals. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse. |
| Environmental precautions: | Extinguish all ignition sources. Keep spills and cleaning runoffs out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water. U.S. Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. |
| Methods and material for cont | ainment and clean-up |
| Method for containment: | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Dike and contain spill with inert material, sand or earth. May contaminate water supply. |
| <u>Method for clean-up:</u> | Maximize ventilation (open doors and windows) and secure all sources of ignition. Sweep up to avoid slipping hazard. Keep airborne particulates at a minimum when cleaning up spills. Place into appropriate closed containers for disposal in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Wash all affected areas with plenty of warm water and soap. Not a RCRA Hazardous waste. |

Section 7: Handling and Storage

| Precautions for safe handling |
|-------------------------------|
|-------------------------------|

| <u>Advice on safe handling:</u> | Use only in well-ventilated areas. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| | Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. |
| | Avoid breathing dust or fume. |
| | Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. |
| | Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |
| Conditions for safe storage, inc | luding any incompatibilities: |
| Storage Conditions: | Keep containers tightly closed to prevent water absorption and contamination. |
| | Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place away from direct sunlight or other sources of light or intense heat. |
| | Preferable storage temperature not to exceed 35°C/95°F. |
| Packaging materials: | Keep in original container. Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents, free-radical |
| | generators, inert gases, oxygen scavengers. |

Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection Exposure Guidelines

| Chemical Name | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | NIOSH IDLH |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Benzoyl peroxide 94-36-0 | TWA: 5mg/m ³ | TWA: 5mg/m ³ | TWA: 5mg/m ³ |

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls:

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. When working with large quantities of product, provide adequate ventilation (e.g. local exhaust ventilation, fans). Ensure that an eyewash station, sink or washbasin is available in case of exposure to eyes.

Use good local exhaust at processing equipment, including buffers, sanders, grinders and polishers.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

| Eye / face protection: | Depending on the use of this product, safety glasses or goggles may be worn. If necessary, refer to US OSHA 29CFR SS1910.133, Canadian standard or the European Standard EN 166. Ensure that an eyewash station, sink or washbasin is available in case of exposure to eyes. |
|---------------------------|---|
| Skin and body protection: | If anticipated that prolonged and repeated skin contact will occur during use of this product, wear gloves for routine industrial use. If necessary, refer to US OSHA 29CFR SS1910.138 or the appropriate standards of Canada or the EC member states. Wear suitable protective clothing. |
| Respiratory protection: | No special respiratory protection is required under typical circumstances of use or handling. If necessary, use only respiratory protection authorized per US OSHA requirement in 29 CFR SS1910.134, or applicable US state regulations, or the appropriate standards of Canada, its provinces, or the EC member states. VENTILATION: Local exhaust at processing equipment. |
| General hygiene: | Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash thoroughly after handling. Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be carried, stored, or consumed where this material is in use. Wash hands thoroughly before eating, drinking, or smoking. |

Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

| Physical state | Powder |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Appearance | Fine |
| Color | White |
| Odor | Faint odor in bulk |
| Odor threshold | Not determined |
| Flash point | 577°F / 303°C |
| Flammability limits in air | |
| Upper explosion/flammability limit | Not established |
| Lower explosion/flammability limit | Not established |
| Self-ignition temperature | 176°F / 80°C |
| Specific gravity | 0 |
| | |

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:Not reactChemical stability:Stable unPossibility of hazardous reactions:None undHazardous polymerization:Does notIncompatible materials:Strong oxHazardous decomposition products:Methacry

Not reactive under normal conditions Stable under recommended storage conditions. None under normal processing. Does not occur. Strong oxidizing agents. Methacrylate monomer, oxides of carbon when burned.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Information on likely routes of exposures:

Product information: This product has not been tested on animals to obtain toxicology data

- Inhalation: Persons with impaired lung function or asthma-like conditions may experience additional breathing difficulties.
- Eye contact: Avoid contact with eyes.
- Skin contact: May be irritating to skin in some sensitive individuals, especially after prolonged or repeated contact.
- Ingestion: Large amounts may cause nausea, headache, vomiting or diarrhea.
- Carcinogenicity: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen (IARC group 3)

This product **does not** contain any compounds listed by NTP or IARC or regulated by OSHA as a carcinogen.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

There is no specific data available for this product; however, very large releases may be harmful or fatal to over exposed aquatic life.

| Persistence and degradability: | Not determined |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Bioaccumulation: | Not determined |
| Mobility: | Not determined |
| Other adverse effects: | Not determined |

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

| Waste treatment methods Disposal of wastes: | Follow all local and national government regulations in disposing material or contaminated packaging. |
|--|---|
| Contaminated Packaging: | For bulk only: Reuse of empty drums or containers is not recommended. Employees should be advised of the potential hazards due to residual material associated with empty containers. Dispose of all empty containers in accordance with local and national government regulations. |

Section 14: Transportation Information

| U.S. Department of Transportation Ground (DOT 49 CFR) | Not regulated |
|---|---------------|
| International Air Transportation (ICAO/IATA) | Not regulated |
| Water Transportation (IMO/IMDG) | Not regulated |

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for information purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet (SDS). Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package size, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory Information International Inventories:

- DSL- Canadian Domestic Substances List:
- EINECS European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances:

Listed Listed

US Federal Regulations:

| SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act: | | |
|--|--|--|
| lbstance is not listed | | |
| ubstance is not listed | | |
| enzoyl peroxide (CAS 94-36-0) is listed | | |
| CTIVE | | |
| ubstance is not listed | | |
| | | |

Section 16: Other Information

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is intended to comply with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Full text of other abbreviations

| ACGIH: | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) |
|-----------------|---|
| ACGIH BEI: | ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) |
| NIOSH REL: | USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits |
| OSHA Z-1: | USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants |
| OSHA Z-2: | USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2 |
| US WEEL: | USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL) |
| ACGIH / TWA: | 8-hour, time-weighted average |
| ACGIH / STEL: | Short-term exposure limit |
| NIOSH REL/TWA: | Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek |
| NIOSH REL/ST: | STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday |
| OSHA Z-1 / TWA: | 8-hour time weighted average |
| OSHA Z-2/TWA: | 8-hour time weighted average |
| OSHA Z-2/CEIL: | Acceptable ceiling concentration |
| OSHA Z-2/Peak: | Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift |
| US WEEL/TWA: | 8-hr TWA |
| | |

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances;

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals;

ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials;

bw - Body weight;

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act;

CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant;

- DIN Standard of the German Institute for Standardization;
- DOT Department of Transportation;
- DSL Domestic Substances List (Canada);
- ECx Concentration associated with x% response;
- EINECS European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance;

- ELx Loading rate associated with x% response;
- EmS Emergency Schedule; ENCS Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan);
- ErCx Concentration associated with x% growth rate response;
- ERG Emergency Response Guide;

GHS - Globally Harmonized System;

- GLP Good Laboratory Practice;
- HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System;
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer;
- IATA International Air Transport Association;

IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk;

IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration;

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization;

IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China;

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods;

IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan);

ISO - International Organization for Standardization;

KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory;

LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population;

LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose);

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;

MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration;

n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified;

NFPA - National Fire Protection Association;

NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration;

NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level;

NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate;

NTP - National Toxicology Program;

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals;

OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development;

OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention;

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance;

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances;

(Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship;

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act;

REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration,

Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals;

RQ - Reportable Quantity;

SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature;

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act;

SDS -Safety Data Sheet;

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory;

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States);

UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods;

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Disclaimer

Ted Pella, Inc. makes no warranty of any kind regarding the information furnished herein. Users should independently determine the suitability and completeness of information from all sources. While this data is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate, it should be considered only as a supplement to other information gathered by the user. It is the User's responsibility to assure the proper use and disposal of these materials as well as the safety and health of all personnel who may work with or otherwise come in contact with these materials.

SDS Form 0013F1V4